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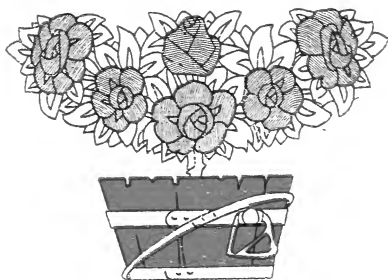
62.25
ESTABLISHED IN 1865

Spring 1919

HAAS

HOME NURSERY

HARRY HAAS, Proprietor



GENERAL CATALOGUE

HOME-GROWN, ACCLIMATED
NURSERY STOCK
FOR NEAR-BY TERRITORY

ADVICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

PLEASE READ BEFORE MAKING OUT ORDER.

All orders should be sent in as early as possible to insure prompt attention; it is our rule to execute them in the order in which they come Early to hand, hence we cannot delay orders, received first, for those coming late in the season and requiring attention at once. In every case where possible it is advisable to forward goods early. If ground is not in condition to plant, they can be left in the boxes, or taken out and the roots covered with earth.

Terms All orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied with a draft on some of the principal cities, or post-office or express money order for the amount. If neither can be had, enclose currency in registered letter.

Claims Claims for deduction must be made immediately on receipt of goods. No claims will be allowed for loss by cold in winter or drouth in summer or for any cause whatsoever beyond our control. No claims will be allowed for delay or loss by transportation companies—they alone must be held responsible.

GUARANTEE—In growing and furnishing all nursery stock we use the greatest care to have it true to name, and will replace any that may prove untrue. But no sale by us carries a warranty of quality, express or implied, and for any error we shall not be liable for more than the purchase price. Every purchase from us is made on these terms.

Prices Our prices may not be the lowest, but price is a secondary matter when considering the purchase of Trees and Plants. Quality should count for something, also the record of forty-five years of fair dealings.

Packing Season The prices in this catalogue supersede those of all former editions. The Spring packing and shipping season usually opens here about the first of April, and continues into the month of May. The planting season is not regulated by any particular month or day, nor by the state of vegetation where the planting is to be done, but by the condition of the trees to be planted. In the autumn, we usually commence digging and packing the first week in October and continue until the freezing of the ground, say middle to end of November.

Fall Planting The Spring planting season is often of such short duration that much ntended work is necessarily omitted or postponed. In the Fall there is abundance of time to plan and plant, and the work therefore can frequently be done as satisfactorily as in the Spring.

The once prevalent notion that Fall planting is not advantageous, has proved to be erroneous. Almost everything called hardy can be planted successfully in the autumn, except in some regions where the winters are extremely severe, or in exposed situations in which case Spring planting is absolutely necessary.

Evergreens may be transplanted successfully in August and September.

Our Nursery is inspected once each year by our State Entomologist and with each order we send to our customers a certificate to show that our stock is free and clean from any disease whatever.

We do not have agents. Buy direct from the grower and do away with the middleman's profit and agent's commission.

GENERAL CATALOGUE

—OF—

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS,
ROSES, ORNAMENTAL HEDGES AND
HERBACEOUS AND PERENNIAL
PLANTS

SPRING, 1919

GROWN AND FOR SALE AT

HAAS' HOME NURSERY

ESTABLISHED 1865

27TH AND POPLAR STREETS

TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

In soliciting your order thru this book, you will not find Bargain Counter prices. But we have keenly estimated our prices, so that we may be able to send out to our customers trees and plants that will guarantee a pleasant recollection in the minds of our customers of us.

Just give us a trial, that's all.

HAAS' HOME NURSERIES.
Terre Haute, Indiana

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

P R E F A C E

We take pleasure in presenting herewith our general Catalogue.

In the Fruit and Ornamental Department as well as in the Rose and Perennial Department our Nursery is kept fully up to the times.

We grow and offer to the customers only such trees and plants adapted to our soil and temperature and our surrounding territory.

We spend much time and money in experimenting and we therefore know just what to recommend to the trade. Such trees and plants that have no merit, and not adapted to this climate, we have discarded.

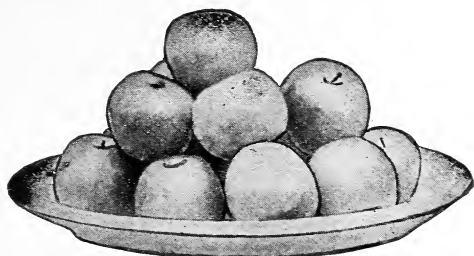
REMARKS:—

We sometimes have stock not listed. Write us if there are items wanted that are not listed herein.

All Trees and Plants sold 50 at 100 rates and 5 at 10 rates.

FRUIT DEPARTMENT

TRUE TO NAME TREES, DESERVE MORE CONSIDERATION
THAN THE COST.



STANDARD VARIETIES OF SELECT APPLES.

We offer the following varieties, which have been well proven, and can be recommended as the best in cultivation and adapted to this and nearby territory.

SUMMER VARIETIES

- ✓ **Early Harvest.** Medium to large; pale yellow; tender, with a mild, fine flavor. July.
- ✓ **Red Astrachan.** Large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson. July.
- ✓ **Yellow Transparent.** Medium size, roundish, slightly conical; pale yellow. July.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

- ✓ **Maiden's Blush.** Large, flat; pale yellow with a red cheek. August.
- ✓ **Oldenburg.** Dutchess of Oldenburg. A large beautiful Russian apple; roundish; streaked red and yellow; tender, juicy and pleasant. July and August.
- ✓ **Northern Spy.** Large, striped, and quite covered on the sunny side with dark crimson.
- ✓ **Wealthy.** Medium, roundish; skin smooth, oily, mostly covered with dark red. October.

WINTER VARIETIES

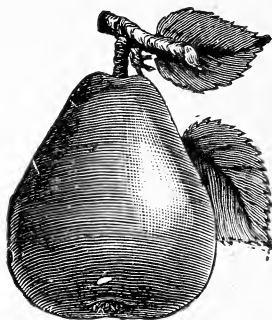
- ✓ **Grime's Golden.** Medium to large; skin golden yellow. January to April.
- ✓ **Rome Beauty.** Large; yellow and bright red. December to March.
- ✓ **Arkansas Black.** An enlarged and improved Winesap. Fruit almost black. November to February.
- ✓ **Jonathan.** Medium size; red and yellow; tender, juicy and rich; very productive. November to March.
- ✓ **Ben Davis.** Large, handsome, striped. Very hardy and very productive.
- ✓ **Baldwin.** Medium size, dark red.
- ✓ **Winesap.** Small size, dark red, good keeper.
5 to 7 ft., 2 and 3 yrs., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.00.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

Delicious Apples—"Special" Dark Red winter apple, large, of the finest flavor. The name is well suited. The tree is a good grower and comes soon into bearing; no garden or farm should be without it. Special price, \$1.00 each.

CRABAPPLES For Preserving

Hyslop's. Large, deep crimson. October variety. 5 to 7 ft., 2 and 3 yrs., each, 75c; 10 for \$6.00.



SELECT

PEARS

STANDARD AND DWARF PEARS

Standard Pears prefer a strong loam, but succeed well in a great variety of soils, and upon almost any land that will produce good crops of vegetables or grain.

Pears will keep longer and their flavor be greatly improved by picking before they are quite mature, and ripening them in the house. By a judicious selection of varieties their season can be extended from July to February.

Dwarf Pears are suited to garden culture, or where space is limited. Can be planted 8 or 10 feet apart, and deep enough to cover the union of the stock and scion, and be trained low by proper shortening of the terminal branches. These conditions being observed they will be found very satisfactory, though we urge, where space is ample, that Standard trees be planted.

SUMMER PEARS

Bartlett—Large size; very juicy and high flavored; August and September.

Clapp's Favorite—Large size; pale lemon yellow; flesh fine grained, juicy, melting, rich and buttery; a cross between Bartlett and Flemish Beauty.

Tyson—Sugar Pear, small; deep yellow at full maturity; very early.

Wilder—Small to medium; greenish yellow, with red cheek; July and August.

AUTUMN PEARS

Anjou (Beurre d'Anjou)—A large, handsome pear; butterfly and melting, with sprightly, vinous flavor.

Beurre Clairgeau—Shaded with crimson and russet; an abundant bearer.

Duchess d'Angouleme—Very large, with rough and uneven surface; of greenish yellow, with patches of yellow and a dull red cheek; a vigorous and strong grower and a good bearer while quite young.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

✓ **Flemish Beauty**—Large size; greenish yellow and brown; rich and juicy.

✓ **Howell**—Large size; light waxen yellow, sweet and melting.

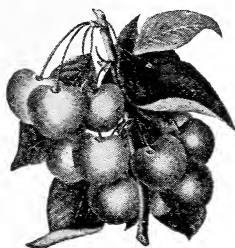
✓ **Kieffer's Hybrid**—The tree is a vigorous grower, an early and regular bearer and very productive; fruit larger. A good canning pear. October.

✓ **Louise Bonne De Jersey**—Large size, pale green; September and October.

✓ **Seckel**—Small size; yellowish russet; fine for spicing.

✓ **Sheldon**—Large size; roundish; greenish yellow, mostly covered with thin light russet; October and November.

6 to 7 ft. Standard, 2 and 3 yrs., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$7.50.



SELECT

CHERRIES

Early May

✓ **Early Richmond**—An early red, acid cherry; very valuable for cooking early in the season. Ripens through June. Commonly called the Early May Cherry.

✓ **Montmorency Large**—A beautiful, large, red, acid cherry; larger and finer than Early Richmond, and fully ten days later.

✓ **Morello English**—Large; dark red, nearly black; tender, juicy, acid, red. Dwarf and slender. July.

5 to 6 ft., 2 and 3 yrs. old, each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

PLUMS

EUROPEAN VARIETIES

✓ **Moore's Arctic**—Size medium or below; skin purplish black, with a thin blue bloom; flesh greenish yellow, juicy, sweet and of pleasant flavor.

✓ **Imperial Gage**—Rather large; oval; greenish; flesh juicy, rich and delicious.

✓ **Lombard**—Medium size; oval; violet red, flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant.

✓ **Shropshire Damson**—An English variety of great merit for preserving. October.

5 to 6 ft., 2 and 3 yrs. old, each, 75c; 10 for \$6.00.

NATIVE VARIETIES

American Wild Goose Plum—Large red juicy, very prolific; too well known to need much description.

5 to 6 ft., 2 and 3 yrs., 75c each.

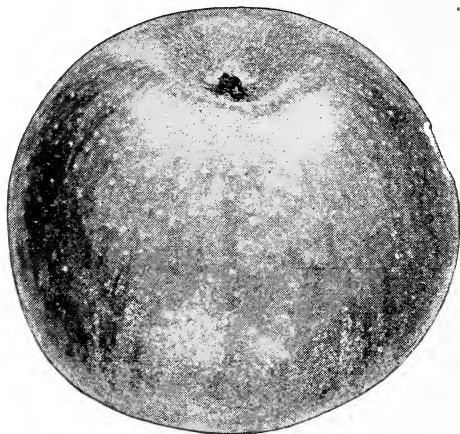
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SELECT PEACHES

To secure healthy, vigorous and fruitful trees and fine fruit, the following points must be well attended to in peach culture: 1st. Keep the ground clean and mellow around the trees, and give it an occasional dressing of wood ashes. 2nd. Keep the heads low—the trunks ought not to exceed three feet in height. 3d. Attend regularly every spring to pruning and shortening the shoots of the previous year's growth. This keeps the head, round, full, and well furnished with bearing wood. Cut weak shoots back about one-half, and strong ones one-third; but see that you have a sufficient supply of fruit buds. Sickly and superfluous shoots should be cut clean out.

It should always be borne in mind that the fruit is produced on wood of the last season's growth, and hence the necessity of keeping up a good supply of vigorous annual shoots all over the tree.

NOTE—In planting peaches, it is of the highest importance to cut back the trees severely. The stem should be reduced about one-third and the side branches cut back to one bud. This lessens the demand upon the roots, and enables the remaining buds to push more vigorously. Most failures in newly planted orchards may be described to a non-observance of these directions.



Champion

Alexander—Medium; skin greenish white, covered with red; extra early. Beginning of July.

Champion—Large, handsome, creamy white with red cheek; sweet, rich, juicy; freestone. August.

Crawford's Early—A magnificent, large, yellow peach, of good quality.

Crawford's Late—Very large, productive and good; ripens here about the close of peach season. Last of September.

Elberta—One of the most valuable varieties. Large, handsome, with golden yellow skin. Flesh yellow, juicy; quality good. Valuable for market. Ripens after Crawford's Early.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

✓ **Stump the World**—Red and white, handsome, good size and fair quality. End of September.

✓ **Heath Cling**—Very large; flesh white, juicy and melting. Good keeper and shipper. October.

5 to 6 ft., each 50c; 10 for \$4.50.

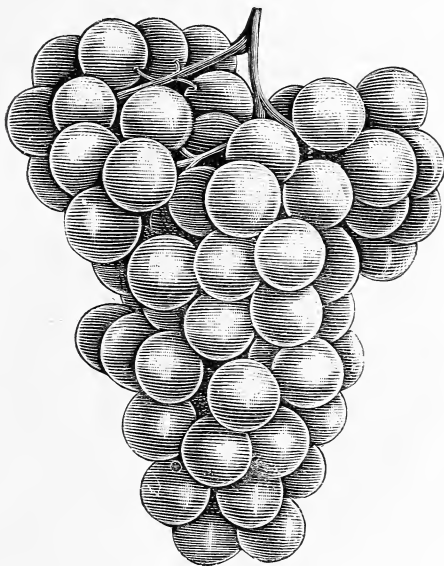
SELECT QUINCES

✓ **Apple, or Orange**—Large; roundish, with a short neck; bright golden yellow. October.

Champion—A prolific bearer, fruit larger than the Orange, more oval in shape.

2 yrs. old, each \$1.00.

SELECT GRAPES



CONCORD

The Grape is the most healthful of all fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses. It can be grown by everyone who has a garden, a yard, or a wall. It can be confined to a stake, bound to a trellis, trained over an arbor, or extended until it covers a large tree or building, and still it yields its graceful bunches of luscious fruit. Capable of most extraordinary results under wise management, it is prone also to give the greatest disappointment under bad culture or neglect. Other fruits may be had from plants that know no care; but grapes are to be had only through attention and forethought.

Soils—Good grapes are grown on various soils, sandy, clayey, loamy, etc. The soil must be well drained, and there should be

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a free exposure to the sun and air. Hillside; unsuitable for other crops are good places for grapes.

BLACK VARIETIES

Concord—The well known standard variety; succeeds wherever grapes will grow.

Moore's Early—Bunch large, berry large around, with heavy bloom, vine exceedingly hardy. Its earliness makes it desirable for an early market.

Worden—A splendid grape of the Concord type, larger and earlier. Vine vigorous; hardy and productive.

RED VARIETIES

Brighton—Bunch large, well formed; berries above medium to large, round, excellent flavor and quality; one of the earliest in ripening.

Woodruff—A handsome, profitable market sort; vine vigorous, productive; iron-clad constitution. Bunch and berry large, attractive; ripens early; fair quality, long keeper, good shipper.

WHITE VARIETIES

Niagara—Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black.

Diamond—The leading early white grape, ripening before Moore's Early. White, with rich yellow tinge; juicy, few seeds.

3 yr. No. 1 Vines—each, 35; 10 for \$3.00.

SELECT BLACKBERRIES



Snyder

Early Harvest—The earliest blackberry and consequently valuable for market.

Snyder—Extremely hardy; very productive.

Doz., 75c; 100, \$3.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

To keep a raspberry bed in good productive condition, the old, weak and dead wood should be cut out every season.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

RASPBERRIES

RED VARIETIES

✓ **"The Miller"**—One of the best red raspberry in cultivation.

BLACK (Black Caps)

✓ **Cumberland**—Large, good quality, hardy and productive; mid-season.

✓ **Kansas**—Very large, handsome, firm and of excellent quality. One of the best Black Caps.

Doz., 75c; 100, \$3.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

GOOSEBERRIES



Downing

✓ **Downing**—Medium size; whitish green; flesh soft, juicy, good.

✓ **Houghton's**—Small to medium; roundish, oval, pale, red, sweet and tender.

Each, 35c; doz., \$3.00; 100, \$15.00.

CURRENTS

Currents can be successfully planted in the Fall or Spring. Being perfectly hardy, they do not suffer injury from Winter.

✓ **Fay's Prolific**—The most popular red currant; very large and handsome.

2 yr. No. 1—each, 35c; doz. \$3.00; 100, \$15.00.

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STRAWBERRIES

Senator Dunlap—Rampant runner, should be restricted in its production of plants; succeeds under all circumstances. Fruit good sizes, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy; firm, splendid keeper and shipper.

Parson's Beauty—Makes a fine, large plant, very free from rust, exceedingly productive. Berries large, bright red, conical, firm, a good shipper. Mid-season.

Gandy—A reliable late variety, berries bright crimson, very uniform in size and shape, large and firm, plants vigorous and healthy.

Per doz., 25c; 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$7.00.

PROGRESSIVE FALL BEARING STRAWBERRY.

A specialty of ours. We have grown Progressive Strawberry plants for the past five years and can truthfully say that especially for home use, it should be planted in preference to any other kind, because: 1st, you will have berries in June; you will have berries again from August to November inclusive. The fruit is of excellent quality and in good soil the size of the berries will compare with any other variety.

Per dozen 50c; per 100 \$3.00.

SELECT ASPARAGUS

This earliest and finest of spring vegetables is among the easiest cultivated and most profitable. A bed once planted suffers no deterioration for thirty years or more, if it is properly attended to and well manured.

See that the ground is well drained, naturally or otherwise; work it up fine and deep and make it very rich with well rotted barnyard manure. Place the plants eight inches apart in rows three feet apart. Spread out the roots in a trench made deep enough to permit their crowns to be covered with three or four inches of mellow earth. Give the bed liberal dressings of manure at intervals, and three pounds of salt per square yard every spring. Do not cut for use until the second season.

Palmetto—A very early variety of excellent quality, tender and of good flavor, very regular size.

2 yr. No. 1—per 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

This deserves to be ranked among the best early products of the garden. It affords the earliest material for fine pies and fresh table sauce, continues long in use, and is valuable for canning. Make the ground rich and deep, as recommended for Asparagus. Plant four feet apart each way.

Myatt's Linnaeae—This variety is of superior quality. It is early and tender, without being in the least tough or stringy, with a mild sub-acid flavor.

Whole clump, undivided, 25c each.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

LANDSCAPE GARDENING

The art of Landscape Gardening has developed from the desire of property owners to create artistic grounds and settings in harmony with their houses and to accomplish this, a knowledge of color schemes and the proper blending of colors is necessary. The "Nurseryman" being familiar with trees, plants and vines, including their foilage and flowers, their habit of growth, their future development, final appearance in their mature settings, are points which must be understood; also to develop pleasing effects, open views or vistas, temper bad features, make skylines irregular and pleasing to the eye, screen unsightly objects, and display broad lawns. Every season of the year may be enhanced by proper plantings around the home. Earliest spring may be brightened and cheered with great masses of golden flowers on the Forsythia even before the foliage appears on the drooping branches, all through May, June and July by careful selection of shrubbery, banked against the house, and boundaries of the grounds will furnish a constant changing Kaleidoscope of colors from blossoms and foilage. After these months flowers are more infrequent on the shrub, and the contrasting foilage of various shades of **Green, Gold and Bronze** are restful to the eye and mind. The autumn becomes brilliant with crimson, purple and gold. Even "Winter" need not be dreary and cheerless on home grounds for skillful plantings will include red and golden barked dogwood, Japanese barberry with its scarlet berries, charming snowberry, red beaded Indian currants, silvery barked birches, Highbush Cranberry, or Honeycukle upright, with highly translucent berries of yellow and red. Therefore, the essential feature, the study of beautifying home grounds requires a knowledge of "**plant Hardiness,**" which the Nurseryman in his section thoroughly understands from **experience**, not "theory," and hence, to select **only** such trees and plants as will withstand the varying changes of this climate, and this is **where** we have the advantage over our competitors in other sections of the country, for we not only know the plants and trees of our climate, but we **prove** their hardiness by **growing** them here before we offer them for sale.

DECIDUOUS TREES

Silver Maple—Silver Maple. A. A North American species. Rapid growth, large size, and irregular round forms.

8 and 10 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00.

10 and 12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$15.00.

Norway Maple—A native of Europe. A large, handsome tree, of spreading, rounded form, with broad, deep green, shining foilage.

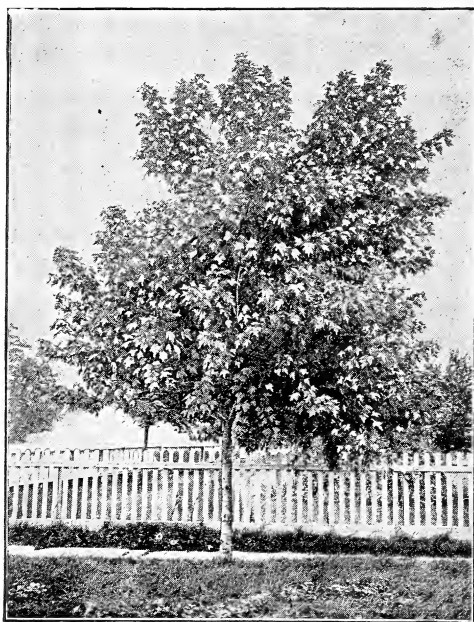
8 and 10 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$17.50.

10 and 12 ft., each, \$3.00; per 10, \$27.50.

Schwedlerii. Schwedler's Norway Maple. A beautiful variety, with the young shoots and leaves of a bright purplish or crimson color, which changes to purplish green in the older leaves.

8 to 10 ft., each \$2.50.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER



SILVER MAPLE



NORWAY MAPLE

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

CATALPA SPECIOSA

A valuable class with ornamental foliage and flowers and of easy culture on common soils. Leaves of immense size and heart-shaped. Good shade and also rapid growth.
8 and 10 ft., each, \$1.00; per 10, \$9.00.
10 and 12 ft., each, \$2.00; per 10, \$15.00.

Umbrella Tree—Grafted on stems six to eight feet high, it makes an umbrella-shaped top without pruning. Perfectly hardy, and flourishes in almost all soils and climates.
3 yr. heads, each \$2.50; doz., \$20.00.



UMBRELLA TREE
CHESTNUT (Castanea)

American—A well known forest and nut-bearing tree. 6 to 7 ft., each \$1.00.

CRAB

Bechtel's Double-Flowered, American—One of the most beautiful of the many fine varieties of flowering Crabs.
3 to 4 ft., each, \$1.00.

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DOGWOOD

White Flowering (Florida)—A fine American tree. The flowers appear before the leaves in spring, all white and very showy. 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.00.

ELM

American White (Americana)—A native tree of large size, with open, spreading head and graceful drooping branches.

8 to 10 ft., each \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

10 to 12 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

English (Campestris)—A native of Europe, makes a fine lawn tree.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.50.

HORSE CHESTNUT

White Flowered—The common, well-known species; a hardy, healthy tree, free from all diseases.

5 to 6 ft., each, \$1.00.

JUDAS TREE, OR RED BUD

Red Bud Judas—A native tree, of medium size, irregular rounded form, heart-shaped leaves of pure green color. A profusion of delicate reddish purple flowers with which it is covered before the foliage appears.

5 to 6 ft., each, \$1.00.

MOUNTAIN ASH (Pyrus Sorbus).

European—Deep-colored berries; desirable and everywhere popular.

6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.00.

SYCAMORE OR PLANE TREE

American—A well-known tree; rapid growers.

European Sycamore—Hardy and free from disease. It does well in cities and withstands smoky conditions.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

10 to 12 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

POPLAR

Carolina—A remarkably rapid grower; leaves large and glossy.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00.

10 to 12 ft., each, \$1.50.

Lombardy—Well known for its erect, rapid growth and commanding form. Very desirable in large grounds or along roads, to break the average height and form of other trees. When fully grown, fifty to seventy-five feet.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

10 to 12 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

Maple, Ash-Leaved (Box Elder)—A fine, rapid-growing variety, with handsome, light green foliage and spreading head; very hardy.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.

10 to 12 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.

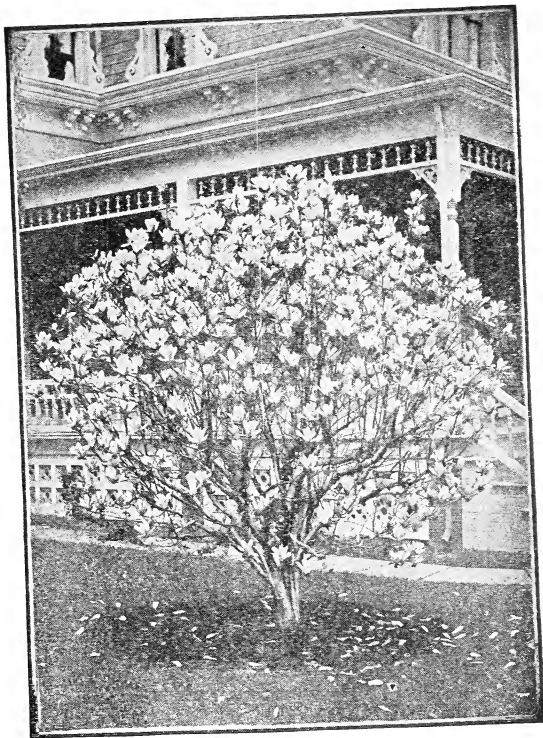
For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

Tulip Tree (Whitewood)—One of the grandest of our native trees; of tall pyramidal habit, with broad, glossy, fiddle shaped leaves and beautiful, tulip-like flowers; allied to the Magnolia.

8 to 10 ft., each, \$1.50; 10 for \$12.50.
10 to 12 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.

Linden—American Linden—A rapid growing, large-sized, beautiful native tree, with very large leaves and fragrant flowers.

8 to 10 ft., each \$1.00; 10 for \$9.00.
10 to 12 ft., each, \$2.00; 10 for \$17.50.



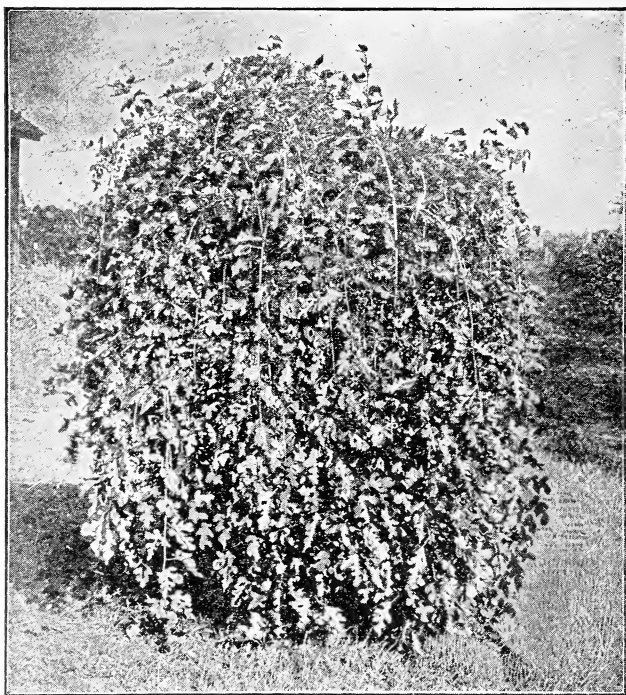
Magnolia Sonlangeana

Magnolia Sonlangeana—The variety which we offer here is absolutely hardy and very ornamental; have planted this variety here in Terre Haute for the past 10 years and so far all are doing well.

5 ft., each, \$4.00.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

WEeping OR DROOPING DECIDUOUS TREES



Teas Weeping Mulberry

MULBERRY, TEAS' WEEPING MULBERRY

The most graceful and hardy weeping tree in existence.

3 yr. heads, each, \$2.50.

BIRCH

Cut-Leaved Weeping—One of the most popular pendulous trees. Its silvery-white bark, and delicately cut foliage, present a combination of attractiveness. Each, \$2.00.

Camperdown (Elm Pendula)—Grafted six to eight feet high. It is of rank growth, the shoots often making a zigzag growth outward and downward of several feet in a single season. Each, \$2.50.

Wisconsin Weeping Willow—A graceful drooping tree. 6 to 8 ft., each \$1.00; doz., \$9.00.

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EVERGREENS



Norway Spruce

Arbor Vitae, Pyramidalis—An exceedingly beautiful, bright variety, resembling the Irish Juniper in form; foliage deep green flat leaf. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.

Retinispora Plumosa—An exceedingly handsome small evergreen from Japan, with a feathery, light green foliage. 2 ft., each, \$1.50.

Spruce, Kosteriana—(Blue, Grafted)—The finest of all blue evergreens; free growth and never changes its color. 1 to 2 ft., each, \$2.50.

Spruce, Norway—A lofty, elegant tree of perfect pyramidal habit. Used as a Christmas tree. From \$1.00 on up.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, PLANTS AND VINES TO PRODUCE LANDSCAPE EFFECTS.

ARALIA (Angelica Tree)

A native plant, valuable for producing tropical effects. 2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

BERBERIS, (Barberry)

The Berberis are a most interesting family of shrubs, varying in size from 2 to 6 ft. high, rich in variety of leaf, flower and habit. Their showy orange and yellow flowers in May or June are succeeded by bright and various-colored fruit; very ornamental in the autumn and winter.

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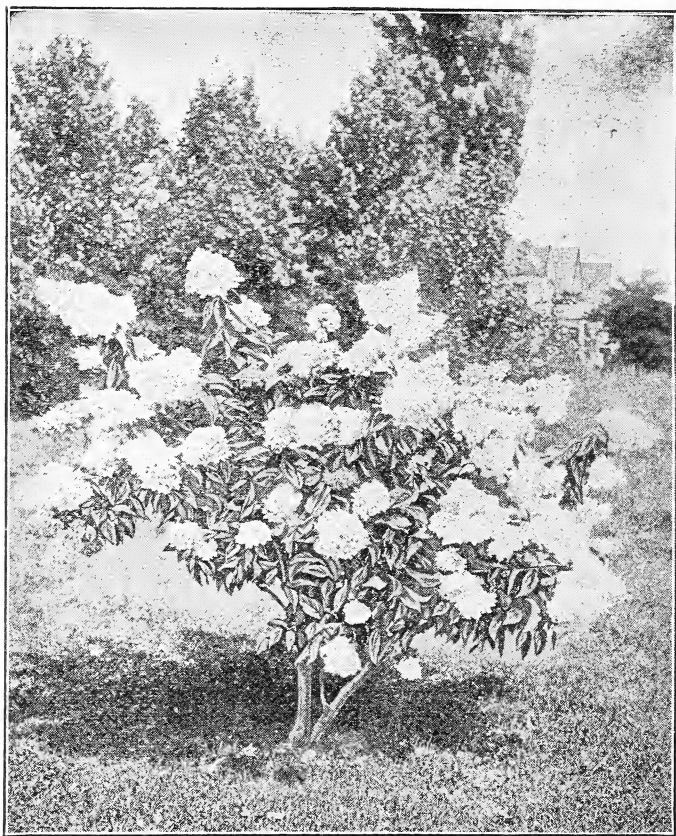
Thunbergii. Thunberg's Barberry—From Japan. A pretty species, of dwarf habit, small foliage, changing to a beautiful coppery red in autumn. Valuable as an ornamental hedge.

18 to 24 in., each, 35c; 10 for \$3.00.

CALYANTHUS

Floridus—A native species, growing 6 to 8 feet high, with double purple, very fragrant flowers.

Sweet scented shrub, 2 to 3 ft., each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50.



Paniculata Hydrangea (Hardy)

CARAGANA (Pea Tree)

A shrub or low tree. Native of Siberia and China. Pea-shaped yellow flowers in May. Each 50c.

CEPHALANTHUS (Button Bush)

A tall growing native shrub with globular heads of white flowers in July. 2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

CLETHRA (White Alder, Sweet Pepper Bush)

Clethra Alnifolia—Spikes of clear white fragrant flowers and August. 2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

CORNUS (Cornel or Dogwood)

Alba—(Red-branched Dogwood)—**D.**—Very conspicuous and ornamental in winter, when the bark is blood red.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

DEUTZIA

Crenata var. flore pleno. (Double-flowered Deutzia)—Flowers double white, tinged with rose. One of the most desirable flowering shrubs in cultivation.

2 to 3 ft., each, 35c; 10, \$3.00.

Pride of Rochester.—A variety producing large double blooms nearly a week.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

DIERVILLA (Weigela)

Eva Rathke—Flowers brilliant crimson; a beautiful, distinct, clear shade.

2 to 3 ft., each 75c.

Rosea—(Rose-colored Weigela)—An elegant shrub, with fine rose-colored flowers; of erect compact growth; blossoms in June.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

EXOCHORDA (Pearl Bush)

Grandiflora—From North China. A fine shrub, producing large white flowers in may.

2 to 3 ft., each 60c.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)

These are pretty shrubs of medium size. All natives of China and Japan. The flowers are drooping, yellow and appear very early in spring before the leaves. The best very early flowering shrubs. 2 to 3 ft., each 50c.

FRINGE

Purple Fringe or Smoke Tree (*Rhus Cotinus*)—A small tree or shrub, very much admired on account of its peculiar fringe, looks like a volume of smoke.

2 to 3 ft., each, 60c.

HONEYSUCKLE BUSH

Red—A well known, old fashioned sort, which blooms in May. It has slender and upright branches, with small bright pink flowers, followed by red or orange-yellow berries.

White—Same as the Red Tartarian, except in its beautiful white flowers, for reason of which it is fine for planting with other varieties for contrast.

2 to 3 ft., each, 75c.

HYDRANGEA

Arborescens Grandiflora Alba—Also called "Snowball Hydrangea" and "Hills of Snow." The blooms are large in size, of pure snow-white color. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of all the early spring shrubs.

2 to 3 feet., each, 75c.

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Paniculata Grandiflora—Large Panicle-Flowered Hydrangea.
A fine shrub, growing from 8 to 10 feet high; flowers white, in great pyramidal panicles a foot long, and produced in August and September.
2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

KERRIA

Japonica—Japan Corchorus. A slender, green-branched shrub, with globular, yellow flowers from July to October.
2 to 3 ft., each, 60c.

LIGUSTRUM (Privet)

Ovalifolium. California Privet—A vigorous variety, of fine habit and foliage; valuable for hedges.

Amoorensense—Very hardy variety for hedges. See Hedging.

LILAC (Syringa)

Well known and beautiful hardy shrubs; very ornamental in the spring; flower in May. Attention is asked to the assortment of varieties, including the shades of color, made up and propagated by us from the best varieties known.
4 to 5 ft., each \$2.00.

Charles X.—Magnificent clusters of dark lilac flowers, produced in the greatest profusion. A splendid variety.

Var. President Grevy. C.—A beautiful blue; individual flowers very double and very large; the panicle is magnificent; one of the finest lilacs.

Var. Princess Alexandra. C.—A variety with pure white flowers; panicles medium to large. One of the finest white flowered varieties.

Dr. Bretschneider—Purplish in bud, opening white, very late flowering. A very fine sort.

Lilarosa—Silvery pink. Very desirable.

Rubra de Marley—A very fine red variety. Scarce and very handsome.

Persian Purple—The slender growth and profuse blooming make this variety very desirable. Flowers light purple, in open heads completely covering the bush.

Persian White—Similar to the preceding, but with delicate white fragrant flowers shaded with purple.

Common White—4 ft., each, \$1.00.

Common Purple—4 ft., each, \$1.00.

SYRINGA, OR MOCK ORANGE. (Philadelphus).

Shrub of vigorous habit, very hardy, with large handsome foliage, and beautiful white flowers. Flowers in June after the Weigelia. Each, 75c.

SNOWBALL, OR ARROW ROOT. (Viburnum).

Common—The well known sort, and a general favorite on account of its large clusters of white flowers in June.
Common, 2 to 3 ft., each, 60c.

Japan (Viburnum Plicatum)—A rare and exceedingly beautiful species from Japan. Each, \$1.00.

Opulus (High Bush Cranberry)—Flowers in large, flat heads in latter part of May, followed by brilliant scarlet fruit.
Each, 60c.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

SUMACH (Rhus)

Cut-Leaved—A decidedly attractive shrub of moderate size, with deeply cut leaves, almost fern-like in appearance; foliage turns to a rich crimson in autumn.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpus)

Racemosus—A well-known shrub with pink flowers and large white berries that remain on the plant through part of the winter.

Vulgaris (Indian Currant, Coral Berry)—Graceful, small shrub, small flowers followed by persistent deep-red berries along the underside of branches.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

SPIREA, OR MEADOW SWEET.

Anthony Waterer—A beautiful variety with broad heads of deep pink flowers. Grows two to three feet high, making a shapely bush. Blooms in June, and now and then throughout the season.

18 to 24 in., each, 50c.

Billardi—Rosecolored; flowers in spikes; blooms in summer.

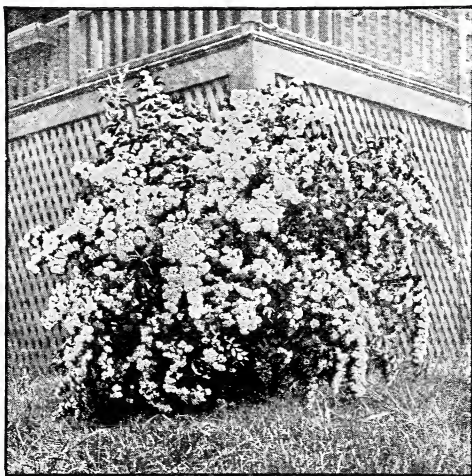
2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

Prunifolia, or Bridal Wreath—Very desirable, having double, daisy-like flowers of pure white in the greatest profusion.

2 to 3 ft., each, 40c.

Thunberg's (Thunbergii)—Extremely neat and graceful in its habits; dwarfish and rounded; drooping branches, narrow, yellowish green foliage; white flowers, early in spring.

18 to 24 in., each, 50c.



Spirea Van Houtte

Van Houtte—The grandest of all the Spireas; it is a beautiful ornament for the lawn at any season, but when in flower

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

it is a complete fountain of white bloom, the foliage hardly showing. Clusters of twenty to thirty flat white florets make up the raceme and these clusters are set close along the drooping stems. Perfectly hardy, and an early bloomer.

The best and most popular shrub for foundation planting. Each, 50c; 10 for \$4.50.

PRUNUS (Plum and Almond)

Pissardi. Purple-Leaved Plum.—The finest purple-leaved small tree or shrub. The leaves when young are lustrous crimson, changing to a dark purple, and retain this beautiful tint till they drop late in autumn.

Each, 75c.

Triloba. Double-Flowered Plum.—Native of China. Flowers double, of a delicate pink.

Each, 75c.

RHAMNUS (Buckthorn)

Catharticus. Purging Buckthorn.—A fine robust, hardy shrub, of European origin, with dark green foliage, white flowers and small black fruit.

2 to 3 ft., each, 50c.

RIBES (Currant)

A gay flowering shrub in early spring; very easy to cultivate.

Sanguineum. (Crimson-Flowered Currant. 4)—Deep red flowers in great abundance in early spring.

Aureum. (Yellow-Flowered, or Golden Currant. 4)—Yellow flowers in showy racemes in May. Glossy foliage, which gives bridge Autumnal tints.

2 to 3 ft., 50c.

TAMARIX (Tamarick)

These are very beautiful shrubs, with small leaves, somewhat like those of the Juniper, and delicate small flowers in spikes. They are invaluable for planting by the seaside, where scarcely anything else will grow.

Africana.—Handsome foliage, upright habit; flowers in May.

Each, 50c.

HAMMELIS (Witch Hazel)

Foliage, with frowny surface and showy yellow flowers, appearing after the ripening of the leaves in November.

2 to 3 ft., each, 60c.

HIBISCUS (Althea or Rose of Sharon)

These are fine, hardy, free-growing and flowering shrubs, blooming in August and September, when few plants are in blossom. They attain a height of 6 to 10 feet.

Jeanne d'Arc. 3.—One of the best. Flowers pure white, double.

Leopoldii Flore Pleno. 3.—Flowers very double; flesh-color.

Rubra Pleno (Double red Althaea. 3)—Clear color.

Violacea Flore Pleno. 3.—Flowers double violet.

3 ft., each, 75c.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

MAHONIA (Ashberry)

Aquifolia. (Holly-leaved Mahonia)—A native species of medium size, with purplish, shining, prickly leaves, and showy, bright yellow flowers in May, succeeded by bluish berries.

2 to 3 ft., each, 60c.

DECIDUOUS HEDGE PLANTS**AMOR RIVER PRIVET HEDGE**

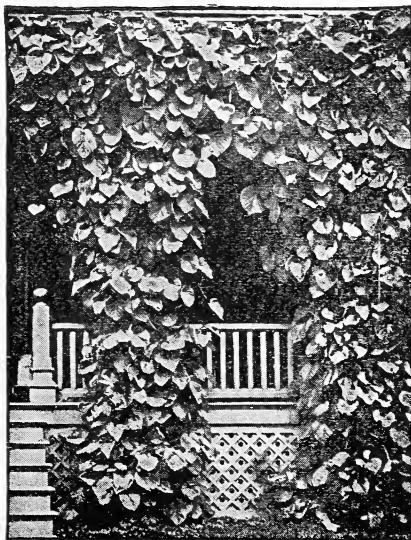
The hardy Privet, resembles the California type, but absolutely will not winter-kill at 25 degrees below zero.

Price, 2 ft., each 15c; per 100, \$10.00.

PRIVET (Ligustrum)

California (Ovalifolium)—This is the most glossy-leaved and rapid growing of all the half-evergreen plants used for low hedges around private lawns.

2 to 3 ft., 10c each; per 100, \$7.00.

CLIMBING AND TRAILING SHRUBS**DUTCHMAN'S PIPE**

Very useful shrubs for covering cottages, verandas, walls, trellises. 3 yrs., each, 40c.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. (Boston Ivy)—Leaves overlap one another, form a dense sheet of green. It grows rapidly and clings to wall or fence with the tenacity of Ivy.

3 yrs., each 50c; 10, \$4.00.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

ARISTOLOCHIA (Birthwort)

A. Sipo. (Dutchman's Pipe)—A native species of climbing habit and rapid growth, with magnificent light green foliage, 10 to 12 inches in diameter and curious pipe shaped, yellowish brown flowers.

Price, each, 50c.

Celastrus Scandens. (Climbing Bitter Sweet or Wax Works)—A native climbing or twining plant with fine large leaves, yellow flowers, and clusters of orange-capsuled fruit in the autumn. It grows 10 to 12 feet in a season.

2 to 3 ft., each, 75c.

CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower)

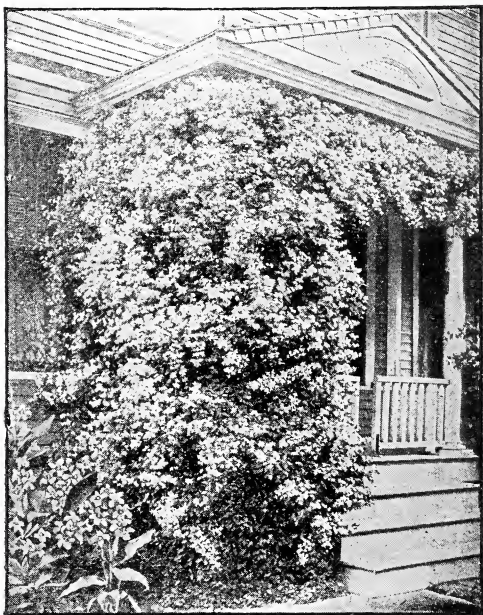
None among hardy perennials exceed in beauty and effectiveness the finer sorts of Clematis. As a climber for the varanda, a screen for fences, for pillars along the garden walks.

C. Jackmanni.—Large, intense violet purple; remarkable for its velvety richness; free in growth and an abundant and successive bloomer.

3 yrs., each, \$1.00.

C. Mme. Edward Andre.—A vivid crimson Clematis, large size and borne as freely as the Jackmanni.

3 yrs., each \$1.00.



Paniculata Clematis

C. Paniculata (A sweet-scented Japan Clematis)—This variety is now quite generally planted throughout the country. It is a vine of very rapid growth, quickly covering trellis and arbors with handsome, clean, glossy green foliage. The

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

flowers are of medium size, pure white borne in immense sheets and of a most delicious and penetrating fragrance. They appear in September at a season when most vines are out of bloom.

3 yrs., each 50c.

LONICERA (Honeysuckle or Woodbine)

Halleana. (Hall's Japan Honeysuckle)—An almost evergreen variety, with pure white flowers, changing to yellow; very fragrant and a vigorous grower.

3 yrs., each 50c.

WISTARIA.

Sinensis. (Chinese Wistaria)—One of the most magnificent hardy climbers, producing racemes of pale, purple flowers early in spring and autumn.

3 yrs., each 50c.

TECOMA (Trumpet Flowers).

Radicans. (American Trumpet Vine)—Very hardy; large trumpet-shaped scarlet flowers in August. 50c.

EUONYMUS RADICAUS VEGETUS

The Evergreen Bittersweet--Particularly adapted to cover garden walls, old stumps or embankments with any exposure. The vine is covered the whole year with green foliage, and with a profusion of bright red berries in fall and winter.

Price, per plant, \$1.00 each.

ROSE DEPARTMENT



HYBRID TEA ROSES.

The Rose is a specialty with us and we propagate it on a most extensive scale.

There are two ways to propagate the Rose bush, one, is to **bud** or **graft** on Manetti Wild Stock, and the other way is to grow them from cuttings. The latter system produces your Roses on their **own roots**, which means that you have an **"ever-lasting"** rose; the former system means that by budding or grafting roses upon this Manetti Stock, **Nurserymen** can grow a rose in this manner that will bloom and sell the first season. However, as soon as the **bud** dies out, you have only the wild stock left, which is worthless. It costs a great deal more to grow a Rose on its own roots, but they give **satisfaction** and we grow most all our **Roses** on their **OWN Roots**.

The roses included in this section are valued especially for their free and continuous blooming qualities which render them particularly useful to plant in beds and groups for the ornamentation of the lawn or to grow in the garden for a supply of cut flowers for decorative purposes.

The collection embraces several of the choicest roses which can be recommended in the strongest terms to planters with the suggestion that they require better winter protection than do the Hybrid Perpetuals. The plants need to be well banked up with earth and covered with straw or evergreen boughs. each, \$1.00.

SOME OF OUR LEADING VARIETIES

Our stock of roses are large, thrifty plants, and will bloom in the same season that they are planted out. Large bushes—pot grown in 6-in. pots. \$1.00 each; doz. \$10.00.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

Etoile de France (H. T.) vig.—Velvety crimson, on stiff erect stems, cupped form; continuous and free flowering; very fragrant.

General MacArthur—Dazzling crimson scarlet, exquisitely perfumed. One of the grandest red Roses ever offered, either for cutting or bedding.

Gruss an Teplitz (H. T.)—Color scarlet, shading to velvety crimson, very fragrant, a free grower and most profuse bloomer; handsome foliage, especially valuable as a bedding rose. We can recommend it as one of the choicest roses.

Hermosa—Cup shaped, full flowers of soft, deep pink; an old favorite.

Killarney (H. T.)—Color flesh, shaded white; suffused pale pink flowers; large buds, long and pointed; and blooms profusely throughout the season.

La France (H. T.)—Delicate silvery rose, changing to silvery pink; very large, full, of fine globular form; a most constant bloomer. One of the sweetest and most useful of all roses.

Sunburst—Very select, with long spiral buds; a lovely bronzy yellow fading to apricot.

White Killarney—A white sport of the well-known "Killarney," with all the prominent and desirable qualities of that variety. Flowers large and pure white. A great acquisition.

Large bushes, pot grown in 6-in. pots. Each \$1.00; doz. \$10.

HARDY ROSES

CLIMBING ROSES.

Crimson Rambler—A novelty of high order, and most distinct in its characteristics. It is a running or climbing rose of vigorous habit, strong and rapid growth, with handsome, shining foliage, and produces clusters of the brightest crimson semi-double roses.

Dorothy Perkins—Color shell-pink; pointed buds; flowers borne in clusters; very double, with beautiful crinkled buds. The only sweet-scented Rambler Rose.

4 yrs. old, each \$1.00.

White Dorothy Perkins—As its name indicates, is a white flowering form of the well-known and much prized Dorothy Perkins. Two-year Roses, 25c each; 3-year Roses, 50c each.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

POLYANTHA OR FAIRY ROSES.

This is an interesting group from Japan; produce extremely beautiful little flowers all summer, and are hardy.

Pink Baby Dorothy. (Maman Levavasseur)—This latest introduction of the well-known Baby Crimson, 3-year-old, 75c. Baby White, 3 yr. old, 75c.

Erna Teschendorf—The most vivid crimson of any Polyantha Rose, easily the best all-red Baby Rambler yet produced. One valuable quality in which it excels is that it never loses color under the hot sun. Flowers large, fully double, and borne profusely the entire season.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

Paul Neyron—One of the finest hardy Roses ever grown. It blooms unceasingly from June to November, on uniformly shaped flowers 4 to 6 in. across. Color a bright ruddy pink.

American Beauty—Probably the widest known and most prized cut flower among all American Roses. Deep pink, approaching crimson, of exquisite form and fragrance, and large size.

The Regal "White American Beauty"—The distinctive form and expression of its bud, half opened state and maturity are a three-fold revelation of exquisite charm and beauty. In our gardens, they commence blooming with the June Roses, are conspicuous throughout the summer with their large flowers of waxy paper-white, and yield their last armful with the first snows of an early fall.

Gen. Jacqueminot—Holds first place among the dark red Roses.

Rosa Rugosa (and its Hybrids)—A valuable, perfectly hardy type much used in landscape work; the heavy wood and shrubby formation adapting it to hedges and hardy borders, or to mixed shrubbery groups. The foliage is lustrous, dark green, usually corrugated, and is impervious to attacks of insect pests. Flowers are borne in clusters of varying size and construction, and are succeeded by persistent fruits which carry their usefulness into winter.

Rosa Rugosa Rubra—Single flowers, rosy crimson.

Conrad Ferd. Meyer—An easily flowering Hybrid combining the ornamental qualities of its Rugosa foliage with the blossom beauty and perfume of the Hybrid Perpetuals. Flowers large, cup-shaped and double; of a delicate silvery pink.

Soleil d'Or—A cross between Persian Yellow and Antoine Ducher. It is a fine hardy outdoor Rose, showing much the same character as the Hybrid Perpetuals. Especially valuable, because of its rare color; gold and orange yellow, varying to ruddy gold suffused with Nasturtium red.

Large bushes, pot grown in 6-in. pots. \$1.00 each; doz. \$10.00.

POPULAR PERENNIAL PLANTS



PAEONIES

HERBACEOUS PAEONIES WITH A PEDIGREE.

A noble flower, almost rivaling the Rose in brilliancy of color and perfection of bloom, and the Rhododendron in stately growth. The first point in its favor is hardiness. It may be truly said to be "hardy as an oak." In the severest climate the plants require no other protection than that which they afford themselves. Then their vigorous habit and healthy growth, freedom from all diseases and insects, are important arguments in favor of their cultivation. Each succeeding year adds to their size and beauty. The foliage is rich and glossy and of a beautiful deep green color, thus rendering the plants very ornamental even when out of flower. The newer varieties produce very large, handsome, regularly formed cupped blooms, resembling large roses. No other flower is so well adapted for large, showy bouquets. The Peony may be planted either singly on the lawn or in borders. Where the lawn is extensive a large bed makes a grand show, surpassing a bed of Rhododendrons. It is really a flower for the million. It flowers early in June. Our collection has been made with great care and includes the best and most distinct varieties.

These varieties selected by us from a collection at the famous Flower show at Boston, Mass.

Eugene Verdier—Salmon pink, nearly white; fine form; large; fragrant, late, extra. Each \$2.00.

Felix Crousse—Brilliant red; large ball-shaped flower. Each \$1.00.

Festiva Maxima—Flowers very large, in clusters; fragrant. The finest early white Peony. Each \$1.00.

Couronne d'Or—Very double, yellowish white; superb; very late. Each \$1.00.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS, WE SELL DIRECT TO THE PLANTER

- Adolph Rousseau**—Very large; deep brilliant purple; extra. Each \$2.50.
- Baroness Schroeder**—Flesh, changing to white; very full. Very rare. Each \$3.50.
- Claire Dubois**—Light rosy pink; late; extra. Each \$2.50.
- Livingstone**—Very double, pale pink; free flowering and late; extra. Each, \$1.00.
- Common Peonies**—White, red and pink. 40c each.
- Monsieur Dupont**—Sulphur white, carmine at center. Each \$1.00.
- Duchesse de Nemours**—Sulphur white. Each \$1.00.
- Marguerite Gerard**—Large; flesh pink. Each \$1.00.
- Monsieur Martin Cahuzac**—Black maroon; rare. Each \$6.00.
- Mme. Crousse**—Open flower, pure white center, occasionally marked with carmine; fine. Each \$1.00.
- Mme. Emile Lemoine**—Very full, imbricated, pinkish white; extra fine. Each \$3.50.
- Mme. Emile Galle**—Clear shell pink. Each \$2.00.
- Delachii**—Dark purplish crimson; shaded violet. Each \$1.00.
- Plutarch (Kelway)**—Deep Crimson. Each \$1.00.
- Modle de Perfection**—Large bloom, fresh pink, marbled rose, very fine. Each \$1.50.
- Harry Woodward (Richardson)**—Soft flesh pink with light centre. Very late. Each \$2.50.
- Avalanche (Crousse)**—Fine milk white creamy centre with a few carmine stripes in centre. Each \$3.50.
- Mlle. Rosseau (Crousse)**—Sulphur white with pinkish flesh centre. Superb. Each \$3.00.
- James Kelway (Kelway)**—Large French white showing golden anthers in centre. Very fine variety. Has been sold by some as Lady Alexandra Duff which is wrong. Each, \$4.00.
- Venus (Kelway)**—A charming fresh mauve pink. Each \$2.00.
- Pierre Ducharte (Crousse)**—Soft lilac flesh pink. Very late. Each \$3.00.
- Virginie (Calot)**—Very fresh pink. Each \$1.00.

IRIS

THE ORCHARD FLOWER OF AMERICA. LIBERTY IRIS.

Iris—Familiar and well beloved flowers of spring. The purity of their beauty, and their haunting fragrance, are decidedly refreshing. They are perfectly hardy, thrive anywhere, grow and bloom luxuriantly, particularly if plentifully supplied with water or if planted in moist situations as on banks of ponds, etc. Established plants produce from 50 to 100 spikes of bloom. Each, 15c.

Bridesmaid—Blue.
Candicans—Purple.
Florentine Alba—White.
Honorabilis—Yellow.

Liaband—Yellow and red.
Mme. Cherean—White and blue.
Queen of May—Lilac color.
Walneri—Lilac and purple.
Black Prime—Each 25c.

For Extra Large Trees or Plants, write for Prices.

HARDY PHLOX

These are justly esteemed as the finest of herbaceous plants. They are dwarf habit, perfectly hardy, of very easy culture, and yield a profusion of bright, showy bloom. They are hardly equaled by any other hardy plant for the decoration of the garden.

Champs Elysees—Rose color.

J. G. Von Lassburg—White.

Jeanne de'Arc—White. Late.

Luminent—Carmine.

Mme. Bezanson—Crimson.

Pantheon—Salmon.

Sir Ed. Landseer—Crimson.

Richard Wallace—White.

Hector—Pink.

Iris—Purple.

Each, 25c.

OLD-FASHIONED HARDY GARDEN PLANTS

CHRYSANTHEMUMS, HARDY POMPON.

These choice varieties are now deservedly popular for outdoor bedding. In considering their many good qualities, there is no cause for surprise to see them cultivated so extensively. They give color, life and beauty to the garden just at the time when other plants have been destroyed by frosts. An armful of flowers can frequently be cut in late November. With but a slight covering of leaves or little during the winter, they will take care of themselves after once planted. Each 25c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine.)

The Columbine succeed in any ordinary garden soil. As late spring and early summer blooming plants, they are among the best of the old time favorites. The varieties we offer are the best we have seen. 25c each.

DICENTRA or DIELYTRA.

(Bleeding Heart)

D. spectabilis—An old-fashioned favorite, its racemes of graceful heart-shaped flowers being always attractive. It is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border and especially valuable for planting in the shade; 2 feet; May and June. Each, 40c.

RUDBECKIA (Cone-flower.)

Among the most valuable hardy plants, producing showy golden yellow flowers.

Golden Glow, or Summer Chrysanthemum (Laciniata fl. pl.)—

A large, showy, plant, attaining in good soil a height of six to eight feet the same season planted. Flowers 3½ inches in diameter, double, well formed, and of deep golden yellow color, resembling yellow chrysanthemums, and borne on long stems which render them suitable for cutting. Plants bloom profusely from July till September. One of the best novelties in hardy flowering plants. Each 15c.

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DIGITALIS (Fox Gloves)

The foxgloves are an old fashioned flower and are desirable company in any garden; the strong flower stalks 4 to 6 feet high rising from rich and luxuriant masses of leaves always give an appearance of strength to the hardy border and during their period of flowering dominate the whole garden. 15c each.

COREOPSIS (Tickseed)

C. grandiflora—Large yellow flowers on long stems, suitable for cutting; early summer until late frosts; 3 feet. 15c each.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)

The hardy Larkspurs are an old-fashioned favorite, very attractive and are of easy culture. They are perfectly hardy. They grow in almost any kind of soil, but respond quickly to a liberal fertilizer. Can be planted in early Spring and produce an abundance of flower spikes the first season. The flowers range through various shades of blue, also white and yellow. Each 25c.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)

G. grandiflora—A very showy and effective hardy plant; flowers are red-brown white, the petals are marked with rings of brilliant crimson, orange and vermillion and often a combination of all in one flower; produces long stems making it an excellent plant for cutting. Each 15c.

HOLLYHOCKS.

Double, assorted colors. Each, 15c.

T. R. Woodburn Printing Co., Terre Haute

